

## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

Installation and maintenance

**LEROY-SOMER**™

**Nidec**  
All for dreams

## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

**This manual concerns the alternator which you have just purchased.  
We wish to draw your attention to the contents of this maintenance manual.**

#### SAFETY MEASURES

Before using your machine for the first time, it is important to read the whole of this installation and maintenance manual.

All necessary operations and interventions on this machine must be performed by a qualified technician.

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

The various operations described in this manual are accompanied by recommendations or symbols to alert the user to potential risks of accidents. It is vital that you understand and take notice of the following warning symbols.

#### WARNING

**Warning symbol for an operation capable of damaging or destroying the machine or surrounding equipment.**



**Warning symbol for general danger to personnel.**



**Warning symbol for electrical danger to personnel.**

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

We wish to draw your attention to the following 2 safety measures which must be complied with:

**a) During operation, do not allow anyone to stand in front of the air outlet guards, in case anything is ejected from them.**

**b) Do not allow children younger than 14 to go near the air outlet guards.**

A set of self-adhesive stickers depicting the various warning symbols is included with this maintenance manual. They should be positioned as shown in the drawing below once the machine has been fully installed.

#### WARNING

**The alternators must not be put into service until the machines in which they are to be incorporated have been declared compliant with EC Directives plus any other directives that may be applicable.**

**This manual is to be given to the end user.**

**The range of electric alternators and their derivatives, manufactured by us or on our behalf, comply with the technical requirements of the customs Union directives (EAC).**

© - We reserve the right to modify the characteristics of this product at any time in order to incorporate the latest technological developments. The information contained in this document may therefore be changed without notice.

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**Disposal and recycling instructions**

**EC Declaration of compliance and incorporation**

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### 1 - RECEIPT

#### 1.1 - Standards and safety measures

Our alternators comply with most international standards.

See the EC Declaration of Incorporation on the last page.

#### 1.2 - Inspection

On receipt of your alternator, check that it has not suffered any damage in transit. If there are obvious signs of knocks, contact the transporter (you may be able to claim on their insurance) and after a visual check, turn the machine by hand to detect any malfunction.

#### 1.3 - Identification

The alternator is identified by means of a nameplate fixed on the machine (see drawing).

Make sure that the nameplate on the machine conforms to your order.

So that you can identify your alternator quickly and accurately, we suggest you fill in its specifications on the nameplate below.

#### 1.4 - Storage

Prior to commissioning, machines should be stored:

- away from humidity (< 90%); after a long period of storage, check the machine insulation. To prevent the bearings from becoming marked, do not store in an environment with significant vibration.

#### 1.5 - Application

This alternator is mainly designed to produce electricity in the context of applications involving the use of generators.

#### 1.6 - Usage restrictions

Use of the machine is restricted to operating conditions (environment, speed, voltage, power, etc) compatible with the characteristics indicated on the nameplate.

**Nidec** **LEROY-SOMER**™

Model	<b>LSA</b>		
S/N		Date	
Enclosure		Protection	
Th. Class		Altitude	
Weight		PF	
AVR		Excitation	
Excitation 415 v / 40°C	No Load	Full Load	
DE bearing			
NDE bearing			

Freq.	Hz						
Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>						
Voltage	V						
Phase							
Connection							
Cont. BR 40°C	kVA						
	kW						
	A						
Std by. PR 27°C	kVA						
	kW						
	A						



IEC 60034 - 1 & 5  
ISO 9528 - 3  
NEMA MG1 - 32 & 33



LSA 000-1-148 a

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### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

## 2 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 2.1 - Electrical characteristics

This alternator is a machine without sliprings or revolving armature brushes, wound as "2/3 pitch", 4 or 12-wire, with class H insulation and a field excitation system available in either SHUNT, AREP or PMG version (see diagrams and AVR manuals).

#### • Electrical options

- Stator temperature detection sensors
- Space heaters
- R791 interference suppression

### 2.2 - Mechanical characteristics

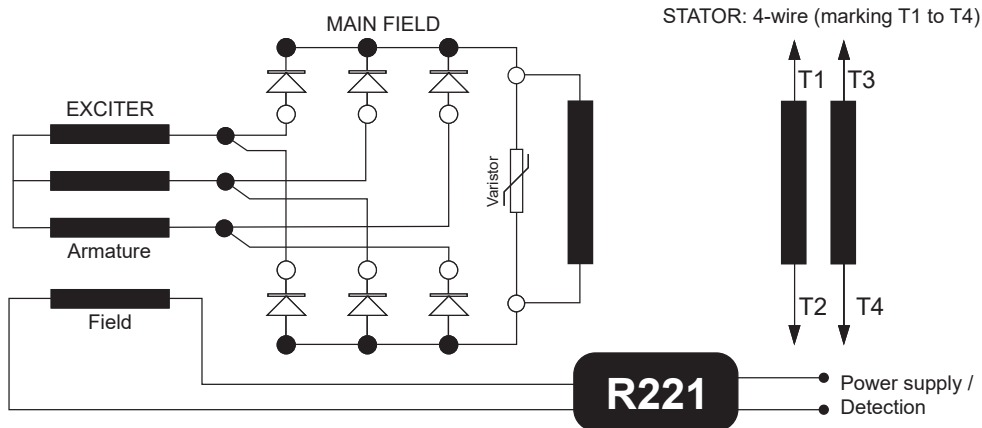
- Steel frame
- Aluminum end shields
- Protected ball bearings, greased for life
- Mounting arrangement: single bearing with standard feet and SAE flanges/coupling discs, two-bearing with SAE flange and standard cylindrical shaft extension
- Drip-proof machine, self-cooled
- Degree of protection: IP 23

#### • Mechanical options

- Direct output power by cables (not reconnectable), regulator fitted outside the alternator
  - Protection against harsh environments
  - Air inlet filter, air outlet filter
- Alternators fitted with air inlet filters are subject to a power derating of 5%.

To prevent excessive temperature rise caused by clogged filters, it is advisable to fit the stator winding with thermal sensors (PTC).

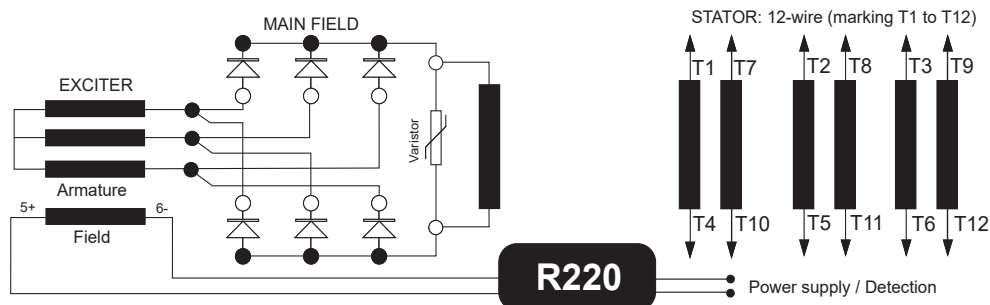
#### • SHUNT dedicated single-phase 4-wire



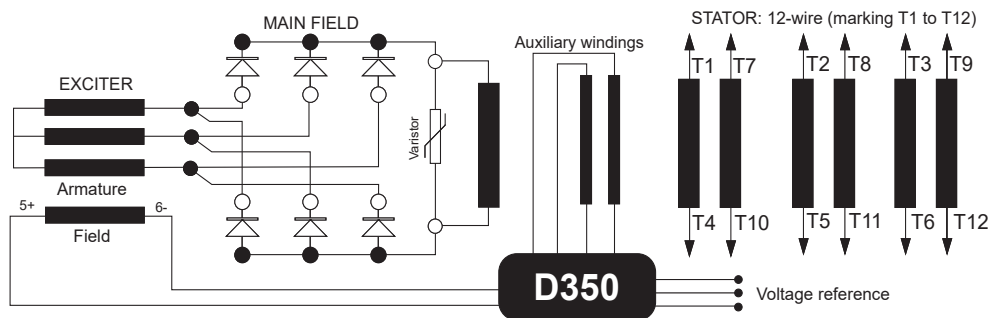
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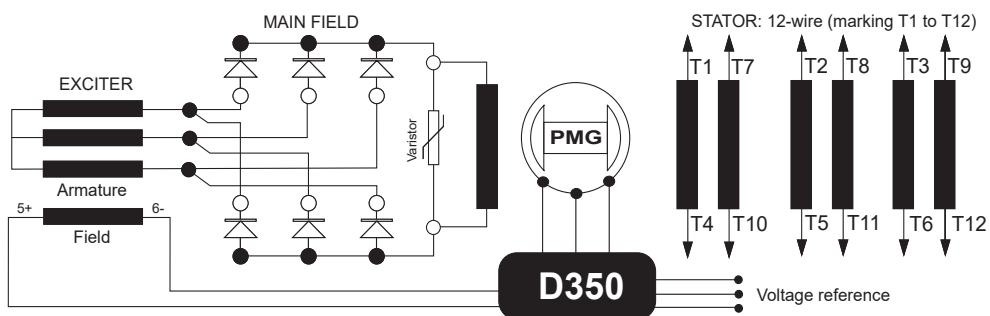
### • SHUNT three-phase 12-wire



### • AREP three-phase 12-wire



### • PMG three-phase 12-wire



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### 3 - INSTALLATION

Personnel undertaking the various operations indicated in this section must wear personal protective equipment appropriate for mechanical and electrical hazards.

#### 3.1 - Assembly

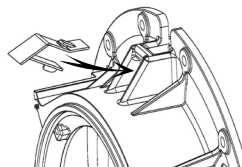
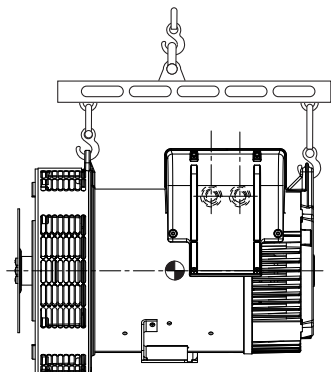


All mechanical handling operations must be undertaken using suitable equipment and the machine must be horizontal. Check how much the machine weighs before choosing the lifting tool. During this operation, do not allow anyone to stand under the load.

##### • Handling

The generously-sized lifting eyes are for handling the alternator only. They must not be used to lift the genset. The choice of lifting hooks or handles should be determined by the shape of the lifting eyes. Choose a lifting system which respects the integrity and the environment of the machine.

During this operation, do not allow anyone to stand under the load.



#### WARNING

After handling the machine using the lifting ring, snap on the plastic cover provided in the maintenance manual wallet.

##### • Single-bearing coupling

Before coupling, check the compatibility between the alternator and the engine by performing:

- undertaking a torsional analysis of the transmission (alternators data are available on request),
- checking the dimensions of the flywheel and its housing, the flange, coupling discs and offset.

#### WARNING

When coupling the alternator to the prime mover, do not use the fan to turn the alternator or rotor.

The holes of the coupling discs should be aligned with the flywheel holes by cranking the engine.

Make sure the machine is securely bedded in position during coupling.

Check that there is lateral play on the crankshaft.

##### • Double-bearing coupling

- Semi-flexible coupling

Careful alignment of the machines is recommended, checking that the lack of concentricity and parallelism of both parts of the coupling do not exceed 0.1 mm.

**This alternator has been balanced with a 1/2 key.**

##### • Location

The location where the alternator is placed must be ventilated to ensure that the ambient temperature cannot exceed the data on the nameplate.

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### 3.2 - Checks prior to first use

#### • Electrical checks



**Under no circumstances should an alternator, new or otherwise, be operated if the insulation is less than 1 megohm for the stator and 100,000 ohms for the other windings.**

There are 2 possible methods for restoring the above minimum values.

a) Dry out the machine for 24 hours in a drying oven at a temperature of 110 °C (without the regulator).

b) Blow hot air into the air intake, having made sure that the machine is rotating with the exciter field disconnected.

#### **Note : Prolonged standstill**

In order to avoid these problems, we recommend the use of space heaters, as well as turning over the machine from time to time. Space heaters are only really effective if they are working continuously while the machine is stopped.

#### WARNING

**Ensure that the alternator has the degree of protection matching the defined environmental conditions.**



**When the alternator's power output is ensured directly through cables, these must be connected before start-up.**

#### • Mechanical checks

Before starting the machine for the first time, check that:

- all fixing bolts are tight,
- the length of bolt and the tightening torque are correct,
- the cooling air is drawn in freely,
- the protective grille and housing are correctly in place,

- the standard direction of rotation is clockwise as seen from the drive end (phase rotation in order 1 - 2 - 3).

For anti-clockwise rotation, swap 2 and 3.

- the winding connection corresponds to the site operating voltage (see section 3.3).

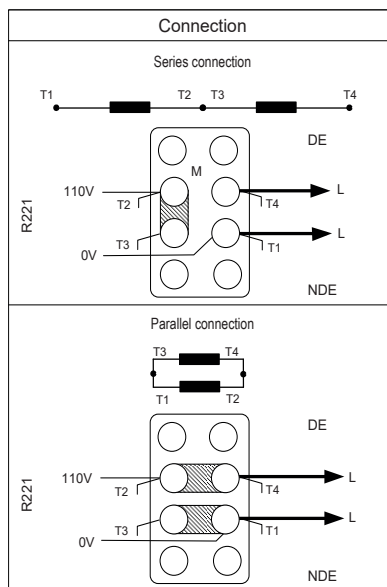
### 3.3 - Terminal connection diagrams

To modify the connection, change the position of the stator cables on the terminals. The winding code is specified on the nameplate.



**Any intervention on the alternator terminals during reconnection or checks should be performed with the machine stopped. In no case should the internal connections in the terminal box be subjected to stresses due to cables connected by the user.**

#### • SHUNT dedicated single-phase 4-wire

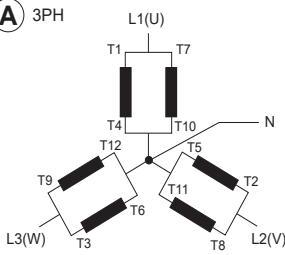
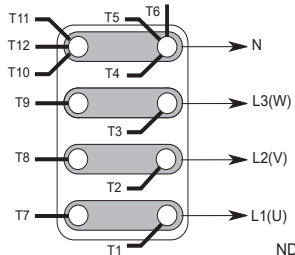
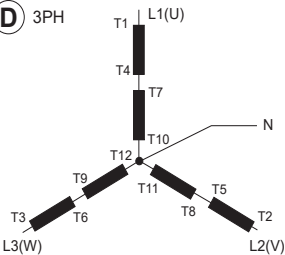
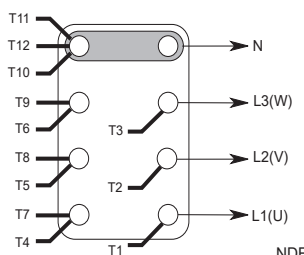
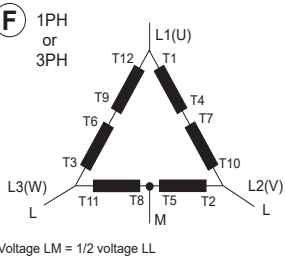
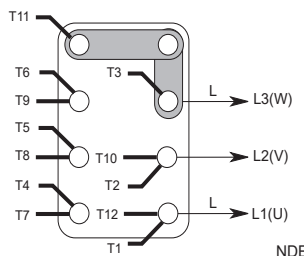
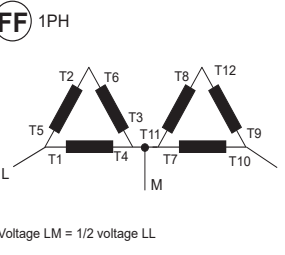
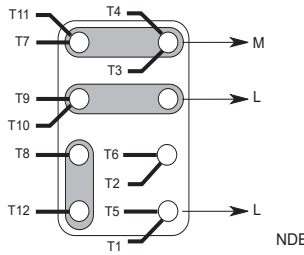





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### • SHUNT, AREP or PMG three-phase 12-wire

Connection codes		Voltage / Detection			Factory connection	
<b>A</b> 3PH 	Winding	50 Hz	60 Hz			
	6	190 - 208	190 - 240			
	7	220 - 230	-			
	8	-	190 - 208			
	<b>R220 :</b> 0 => (T8) / 110 V => (T11) <b>D350 :</b> U => T1 / V => T2 / W => T3					
<b>D</b> 3PH 	Winding	50 Hz	60 Hz			
	6	380 - 415	380 - 480			
	7	440 - 460	-			
	8	-	380 - 416			
	<b>R220 :</b> 0 => (T8) / 110 V => (T11) <b>D350 :</b> U => T1 / V => T2 / W => T3					
<b>F</b> 1PH or 3PH 	Winding	50 Hz	60 Hz			
	6	220 - 240	220 - 240			
	7	250 - 260	-			
	8	200	220 - 240			
	<b>R220 :</b> 0 => (T8) / 110 V => (T11) <b>D350 :</b> U => T1 / V => T2 / W => T3					
<b>FF</b> 1PH 	Winding	50 Hz	60 Hz			
	6	220 - 240	220 - 240			
	7	250 - 260	-			
	8	200	220 - 240			
	<b>R220 :</b> 0 => (T1) / 110 V => (T4) <b>D350 :</b> V => T1 / W => T10					

 In case of reconnection, ensure that AVR voltage detection is correct!



In case of reconnection, ensure that AVR voltage detection is correct!

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## Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

### • SHUNT, AREP or PMG three-phase 12-wire

Connection codes			Voltage / Detection			Factory connection					
<b>B</b> 1PH or 3PH			Winding	50 Hz	60 Hz						
			6	110 - 120	120						
			7	120 - 130	-						
			8	-	110 - 120						
			 <b>R220 :</b> 0 => (T8) / 110 V => (T11) <b>D350 :</b> U => T1 / V => T2 / W => T3								
<b>G</b> 1PH			Winding	50 Hz	60 Hz						
			6	220 - 240	220 - 240						
			7	250 - 260	-						
			8	200	220 - 240						
			 <b>R220 :</b> 0 => (T8) / 110 V => (T11) <b>D350 :</b> V => T2 / W => T3								
Voltage LM = 1/2 voltage LL					NDE						
SINGLE-PHASE 4-WIRE - DEDICATED WINDING type M or M1											
Series connection			Parallel connection								
Voltage 50/60Hz			Output			Voltage 50/60Hz			Output		
L - L	L - M	Link	L	L	M	L - L	L - M	Link	L	L	M
220	110					110	-				
230	115	T2 - T3	T1	T4	T2 - T3	115	-	T1 - T3 T2 - T4	T1-T3	T2 - T4	-
240	120					120	-				
<b>R221 : 0 =&gt; (T1) / 110 V =&gt; (T2)</b>						<b>R221 : 0 =&gt; (T1) / 110 V =&gt; (T2)</b>					

### • Option connection diagram

<b>Remote voltage potentiometer</b>  Voltage adjustment via remote potentiometer	
<b>Anti condensation heater</b> 	<b>Thermistor temperature (PTC)</b> 

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#### • Connection checks



**Electrical installations must comply with the current legislation in force in the country of use.**

Check that:

- The residual circuit-breaker conforms to legislation on protection of personnel, in force in the country of use, and has been correctly installed on the alternator power output as close as possible to the alternator. (In this case, disconnect the wire of the interference suppression module linking the neutral).
- Any protection devices in place have not been tripped.
- If there is an external AVR, the connections between the alternator and the cabinet are made in accordance with the connection diagram.
- There is no short-circuit phase-phase or phase-neutral between the alternator output terminals and the generator set control cabinet (part of the circuit not protected by circuitbreakers or relays in the cabinet).
- The machine should be connected with the busbar separating the terminals as shown in the terminal connection diagram.



- The alternator earth terminal inside the terminal box is connected to the electrical earth circuit
- The earth terminal is connected to the frame.

The connections inside the terminal box must never be subjected to stress due to cables connected by the user.



Diameter	M6	M8	M10	M12
Torque	4 Nm	10 Nm	20 Nm	35 Nm
Tolerance	± 15%			

#### 3.4 - Commissioning



**The machine can only be started up and used if the installation is in accordance with the regulations and instructions defined in this manual.**

The machine is tested and set up at the factory. When first used with no load, make sure that the drive speed is correct and stable (see the nameplate).

On application of the load, the machine should achieve its rated speed and voltage; however, in the event of abnormal operation, the machine setting can be altered (follow the adjustment procedure in section 3.5). If the machine still operates incorrectly, the cause of the malfunction must be located (see section 4.5).

#### 3.5 - Setting up



**The various adjustments during tests must be made by a qualified engineer.**

**Ensure that the drive speed specified on the nameplate is reached before commencing adjustment.**

**After operational testing, replace all access panels or covers.**

**The AVR is used to make any adjustments to the machine.**

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#### 4 - SERVICING - MAINTENANCE

##### 4.1 - Safety measures

Servicing or troubleshooting must be carried out strictly in accordance with instructions so as to avoid the risk of accidents and to maintain the machine in its original state.



All such operations performed on the alternator should be undertaken by personnel trained in the commissioning, servicing and maintenance of electrical and mechanical components, who must wear personal protective equipment appropriate for mechanical and electrical hazards.

Before any intervention on the machine, ensure that it cannot be started by a manual or automatic system and that you have understood the operating principles of the system.



**Warning :** During and after running, the alternator will reach temperatures hot enough to cause injury, such as burns.

##### 4.2 - Routine maintenance

###### • Checks after start-up

After approximately 20 hours of operation, check that all fixing bolts on the machine are still tight, plus the general state of the machine and the various electrical connections in the installation.

###### • Electrical servicing

Commercially-available volatile degreasing agents can be used.

#### WARNING

**Do not use:** trichlorethylene, perchlorethylene, trichloroethane or any alkaline products.



**These operations must be performed at a cleaning station, equipped with a vacuum system that collects and flushes out the products used.**

The insulating components and the impregnation system are not at risk of damage from solvents. Avoid letting the cleaning product run into the slots.

Apply the product with a brush, sponging frequently to avoid accumulation in the housing. Dry the winding with a dry cloth. Let any traces evaporate before reassembling the machine.

###### • Mechanical servicing

#### WARNING

**Cleaning the machine using water or a highpressure washer is strictly prohibited. Any problems arising from such treatment are not covered by our warranty.**

**Degreasing:** Use a brush and detergent (suitable for paintwork).

**Dusting:** Use an air gun.

If the machine is fitted with air inlet and outlet filters, the maintenance personnel should clean them routinely at regular intervals. In the case of dry dust, the filter can be cleaned using compressed air and/or replaced if it is clogged.

After cleaning the alternator, it is essential to check the winding insulation (see sections 3.2 and 4.5).

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#### 4.3 - Bearings

The bearings are permanently greased	Approximate life of the grease (depending on use) = 20,000 hours or 3 years.
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#### 4.4 - Mechanical defects

Fault		Action
Bearing	Excessive overheating of one or both bearings (bearing temperature 80°C above the ambient temperature)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the bearing has turned blue or if the grease has turned black, change the bearing.</li> <li>- Bearing not fully locked (abnormal play in the bearing cage)</li> <li>- End shields incorrectly aligned</li> </ul>
Abnormal temperature	Excessive overheating of alternator frame (more than 40° C above the ambient temperature)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Air flow (inlet-outlet) partially clogged or hot air is being recycled from the alternator or engine</li> <li>- Alternator operating at too high a voltage (&gt;105% of Un on load)</li> <li>- Alternator overloaded</li> </ul>
Vibrations	Too much vibration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Misalignment (coupling)</li> <li>- Defective mounting or play in coupling</li> <li>- Rotor balancing fault (Engine - Alternator)</li> </ul>
	Excessive vibration and humming noise coming from the machine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Phase imbalance</li> <li>- Stator short-circuit</li> </ul>
Abnormal noise	Alternator damaged by a significant impact, followed by humming and vibration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- System short-circuit</li> <li>- Misparalleling</li> </ul> <p>Possible consequences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Broken or damaged coupling</li> <li>- Broken or bent shaft end</li> <li>- Shifting and short-circuit of main field</li> <li>- Fan fractured or coming loose on shaft</li> <li>- Irreparable damage to rotating diodes/AVR, surge suppressor</li> </ul>

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#### 4.5 - Electrical faults

Fault	Action	Effect	Check/Cause
No voltage at no load on start-up	Connect a new battery of 4 to 12 volts to terminals E- and E+, respecting the polarity, for 2 to 3 seconds	The alternator builds up and its voltage is still correct when the battery is removed	- Lack of residual magnetism
		The alternator builds up but its voltage does not reach the rated value when the battery is removed	- Check the connection of the voltage reference to the AVR - Faulty diodes - Armature short-circuit
		The alternator builds up but its voltage disappears when the battery is removed	- Faulty AVR - Field windings open circuit (check winding) - Revolving field coil open circuit (check the resistance)
Voltage too low	Check the drive speed	Correct speed	Check the AVR connections (AVR may be faulty) - Field windings short-circuited - Rotating diodes burnt out - Revolving field coil short-circuited (check the resistance)
		Speed too low	Increase the drive speed (do not touch the AVR voltage pot. (P2) before running at the correct speed)
Voltage too high	Adjust AVR voltage potentiometer	Adjustment ineffective	- Faulty AVR
Voltage oscillations	Adjust the AVR stability potentiometer		- Check the speed: possibility of cyclic irregularity - Loose connections - Faulty AVR - Speed too low when on load (or AVR LAM set too high)
Voltage correct at no load and too low when on load (*)	Run at no load and check the voltage between E+ and E- on the AVR	AREP/PMG : Voltage between E+ and E- = $6V < UDC < 10V$	- Check the speed (or AVR LAM set too high)
		SHUNT : Voltage between E+ and E- = $10V < UDC < 15V$	- Faulty rotating diodes - Short-circuit in the revolving field coil (check the resistance) - Faulty exciter armature (check the resistance)
Voltage disappears during operation	Check the AVR, the surge suppressor, the rotating diodes, and replace any defective components	The voltage does not return to the rated value	- Exciter winding open circuit - Faulty exciter armature - Faulty AVR - Revolving field coil open circuit or short-circuited

(\*) During single-phase operation, check that the sensing wires from the AVR are connected to the correct output terminals.

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#### • Checking the winding

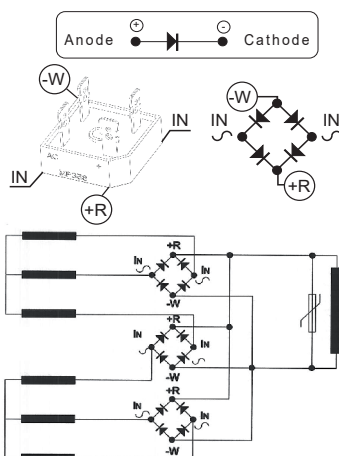
You can check the winding insulation by performing a high voltage test. In this case, you must disconnect all AVR wires.

#### WARNING

**Damage caused to the AVR in such conditions is not covered by our warranty.**

#### • Checking the diode bridge

A diode in good working order should allow the current to flow only in the anode-to-cathode direction.



#### • Checking the windings and rotating diodes using separate excitation

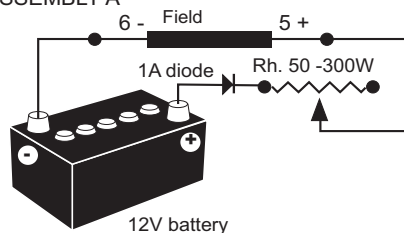


During this procedure, make sure that the alternator is disconnected from any external load and inspect the terminal box to check that the connections are fully tightened.

- 1) Stop the unit, disconnect and isolate the AVR wires.
- 2) There are two ways of creating an assembly with separate excitation.

**Assembly A:** Connect a 12 V battery in series with a rheostat of approximately 50 ohms - 300 W and a diode on both exciter field wires (5+) and (6-).

ASSEMBLY A



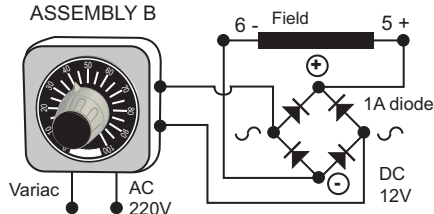
**Assembly B:** Connect a “Variac” variable power supply and a diode bridge on both exciter field wires (5+) and (6-).

Both these systems should have characteristics which are compatible with the field excitation power of the machine (see the nameplate).

3) Run the unit at its rated speed.

4) Gradually increase the exciter field current by adjusting the rheostat or the variac and measure the output voltages on L1 - L2 - L3, checking the excitation voltage and current at no load (see the machine nameplate or ask for the factory test report). When the output voltage is at its rated value and balanced within 1% for the rated excitation level, the machine is in good working order. The fault therefore comes from the AVR or its associated wiring (ie. sensing, auxiliary windings).

ASSEMBLY B



## LSA 42.3

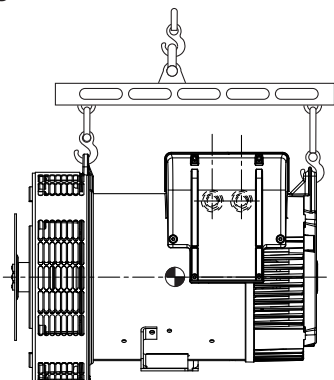
### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

#### 4.6 - Dismantling, reassembly

##### WARNING

During the warranty period, this operation should only be carried out in an approved workshop or in our factory, otherwise the warranty may be invalidated.

Whilst being handled, the machine should remain horizontal (rotor not locked in position). Check how much the machine weighs before choosing the lifting method.



#### • Tools required

To fully dismantle the machine, we recommend using the tools listed below:

- 1 ratchet spanner + extension
- 1 torque wrench
- 1 set of flat spanners: 8 mm, 10 mm, 12 mm
- 1 socket set: 8, 10, 13 mm
- 1 socket TORX bit T20 and T30
- 1 puller (eg. Facom: U35, U32/350)

#### • Screw tightening torque

See section 5.3.



The screws for fixing the feet on the housing and immobilising the stator must not be removed (screw of the stator lower).

#### • Access to connections and the regulation system

The terminals are accessed directly by removing the terminal box panel (41). AVR is accessed directly by the access panel (59) of terminal box.

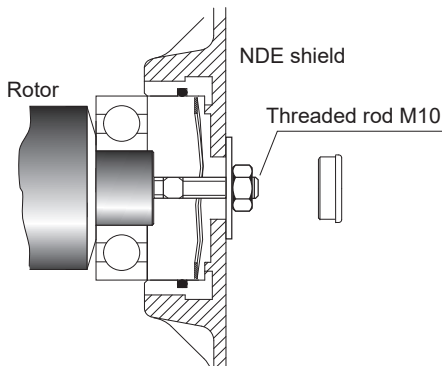
#### • Accessing, checking and replacing the diode bridge

##### Dismantling

- Remove the terminal box panel (41).
- Cut the fixing clamps of the exciter cables, disconnect E+, E- from the exciter.
- Remove the nuts on the tie rods.
- Remove the NDE shield (36) using a puller: eg. U.32 - 350 (Facom).
- Unsolder the connections.
- Check the bridge using an ohmmeter or a battery lamp.

##### Reassembly

- Replace the bridges, respecting the polarity.
- Resolder the connections.
- Refit the NDE shield and pass the bundle of wires between the top bars of the shield.
- Replace the fixing clamps on the cables.
- Replace the terminal box panel (41).





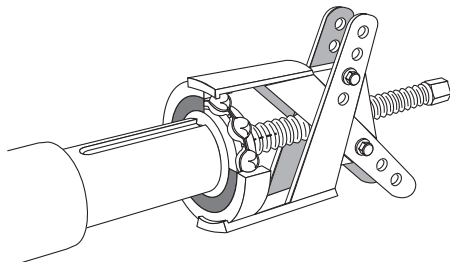
## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

#### • Replacing the NDE bearing on single bearing machines

##### Dismantling

- Remove the NDE shield (36).
- Remove the ball bearing (70) using a screw puller.



##### Reassembly

- Heat the inner slipping of a new bearing by induction or in a drying oven at 80 °C (do not use an oil bath) and fit it to the alternator.
- Place the preloading wavy washer (79) in the shield.
- Replace the NDE shield (36).

#### • Replacing the bearings on two-bearing machine

##### Dismantling

- Uncouple the alternator from the prime mover.
- Remove the assembly screws.
- Remove the DE shield (30).
- Remove the NDE shield.
- Remove both antifriction bearings (60) and (70) using a puller with a central screw.

##### Reassembly

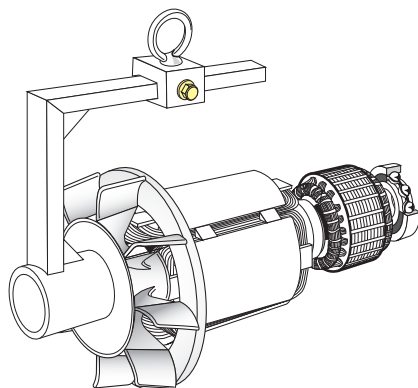
- Heat the new bearings by induction or in a drying oven at 80°C (do not use an oil-bath) and fit them to the machine.
- Check that both the preloading wavy washer (79) have been fitted on the NDE shield (36).
- Refit the DE shield (30) and tighten the fixing screws.
- Check that the alternator assembly is correctly mounted and that all screws are tightened.

#### • Accessing the main field and stator

##### Dismantling

Follow the procedure for dismantling bearings.

- Remove the coupling discs (single-bearing alternator) or the DE shield (two-bearing alternator) and insert a tube of the corresponding diameter on the shaft end or a support made according the following bellow.



- Rest the rotor on one of its poles, then slide it out. Use the tube as a lever arm to assist dismantling.
- After extracting the rotor, be careful not to damage the fan and place the revolving field on special V-blocks.

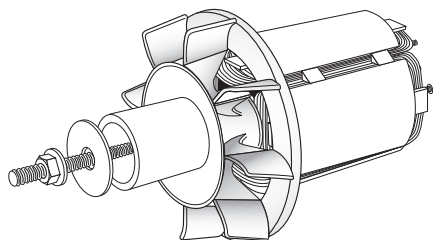
**NOTE: If intervention is required on the main field (rewinding, replacement of components), the rotor assembly must be rebalanced.**

##### Reassembling the revolving field coil

- Follow the dismantling procedure in reverse order.
- Take care not to knock the windings when refitting the rotor in the stator.
- If you replace the fan, respect the assembly guide according the following bellow. Use a tube and a screw.

## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole



Follow the procedure for reassembling the bearings.

#### 4.7 - Installation and maintenance of the PMG

The PMG reference is PMG 0.  
See the PMG manual ref : 4211.

#### 4.8 - Table of characteristics

Table of average values:

Alternator - 4 pole - 50 Hz - Standard winding  
No. 6 (12-wire) and M or M1 (4-wire)  
connected in dedicated single-phase (400 V  
for the excitation values).

The voltage and current values are given for  
no-load operation and operation at rated  
load with separate field excitation.

All values are given to within  $\pm 10\%$  and may  
be changed without prior notification (for  
exact values, consult the test report).

For 60 Hz machines, the "i exc" values are  
approximately 5 to 10 % lower.

#### • Three-phase: 4-pole, SHUNT excitation

##### Resistances at 20 °C (Ω)

Type	Stator L/N	Rotor	Exciter field	Exciter armature
VS1	0.277	0.60	17.6	0.19
VS2	0.261	0.62	17.6	0.19
VS3	0.213	0.67	17.6	0.19
S4/S5	0.151	0.78	17.6	0.19
M7	0.135	0.84	17.6	0.19
M8	0.114	0.87	17.6	0.19
L9	0.091	0.95	17.6	0.19

#### Field excitation current i exc (A)

400V - 50 Hz

"i exc": excitation current of the exciter field

Type	No load	At rated load
VS1	0.55	1.77
VS2	0.52	1.75
VS3	0.51	1.8
S4	0.49	1.55
S5	0.49	1.76
M7	0.46	1.77
M8	0.5	1.9
L9	0.5	2.07

#### • Three-phase: 4-pole, AREP excitation

##### Resistances at 20 °C (Ω)

Type	Stator L/N	Rotor	Exciter field	Exciter armature
VS1	0.277	0.60	7.36	0.19
VS2	0.261	0.62	7.36	0.19
VS3	0.213	0.67	7.36	0.19
S4/S5	0.151	0.78	7.36	0.19
M7	0.135	0.84	7.36	0.19
M8	0.114	0.87	7.36	0.19
L9	0.091	0.95	7.36	0.19

##### Resistance of auxiliary windings at 20 °C (Ω)

Type	X1, X2	Z1, Z2
VS1	0.402	0.454
VS2	0.398	0.475
VS3	0.402	0.517
S4/S5	0.334	0.458
M7	0.307	0.426
M8	0.319	0.447
L9	0.313	0.433

## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

#### Field excitation current $i_{exc}$ (A)

**400V - 50 Hz**

" $i_{exc}$ ": excitation current of the exciter field

Type	No load	At rated load
VS1	0.85	2.72
VS2	0.8	2.68
VS3	0.79	2.76
S4	0.75	2.38
S5	0.75	2.7
M7	0.71	2.71
M8	0.78	2.91
L9	0.77	3.18

#### • Dedicated single-phase M1: 4-pole, SHUNT excitation - 60 Hz

**Resistances at 20 °C ( $\Omega$ )**

Type	Stator L/N	Rotor	Exciter field	Exciter armature
VS1	0.052	0.60	17.6	0.19
VS2	0.048	0.62	17.6	0.19
VS3	0.038	0.67	17.6	0.19
S4/S5	0.030	0.78	17.6	0.19
M7	0.026	0.84	17.6	0.19
M8	0.022	0.87	17.6	0.19
L9	0.018	0.95	17.6	0.19

#### • Dedicated single-phase M: 4-pole, SHUNT excitation - 50 Hz

**Resistances at 20 °C ( $\Omega$ )**

Type	Stator L/N	Rotor	Exciter field	Exciter armature
VS1	0.068	0.60	17.6	0.19
VS2	0.062	0.62	17.6	0.19
VS3	0.051	0.67	17.6	0.19
S4/S5	0.036	0.78	17.6	0.19
M7	0.032	0.84	17.6	0.19
M8	0.027	0.87	17.6	0.19
L9	0.023	0.95	17.6	0.19

#### Field excitation current $i_{exc}$ (A)

**240V - 60 Hz**

" $i_{exc}$ ": excitation current of the exciter field

Type	No load	At rated load
VS1	0.52	1.26
VS2	0.51	1.31
VS3	0.52	1.26
S4	0.44	1.05
S5	0.44	1.20
M7	0.43	1.19
M8	0.47	1.28
L9	0.49	1.30

#### Field excitation current $i_{exc}$ (A)

**230V - 50 Hz**

" $i_{exc}$ ": excitation current of the exciter field

Type	No load	At rated load
VS1	0.55	1.31
VS2	0.52	1.31
VS3	0.51	1.22
S4	0.48	1.03
S5	0.48	1.16
M7	0.46	1.15
M8	0.50	1.21
L9	0.50	1.29

#### • Table of weights

(values given for information only)

Type	Total weight (kg)	Rotor (kg)
VS1	129	47
VS2	134	49
VS3	145	53
S4	170	63
S5	170	63
M7	185	69
M8	190	72
L9	207	79



**After operational testing, it is essential to replace all access panels or covers.**

## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

## 5 - SPARE PARTS

### 5.1 - First maintenance parts

Emergency repair kits are available as an option.

They contain the following items:

<b>Emergency kit SHUNT</b>	<b>ALT 423 KS 001</b>
AVR R220	-
Diode bridge assembly	-
Surge suppressor	-
<b>Emergency kit AREP/PMG</b>	<b>5155833</b>
AVR D350	-
Diode bridge assembly	-
Surge suppressor	-
<b>Single-bearing kit</b>	<b>ALT 423 KB 001</b>
Non drive end bearing	-
«O» ring	-
Preloading (wavy) washer	-
<b>Double-bearing kit</b>	<b>ALT 423 KB 002</b>
Non drive end bearing	-
Drive end bearing	-
«O» ring	-
Preloading (wavy) washer	-

### 5.2 - Technical support service

Our technical support service will be pleased to provide any additional information you may require.

For all spare parts orders or technical support requests, send your request to [service.epg@leroy-somer.com](mailto:service.epg@leroy-somer.com) or your nearest contact, whom you will find at [www.lrsom.co/support](http://www.lrsom.co/support) indicating the complete type of machine, its number and the information indicated on the nameplate.

Part numbers should be identified from the exploded views and their description from the parts list.

To ensure that our products operate correctly and safely, we recommend the use of original manufacturer spare parts.

In the event of failure to comply with this advice, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any damage.



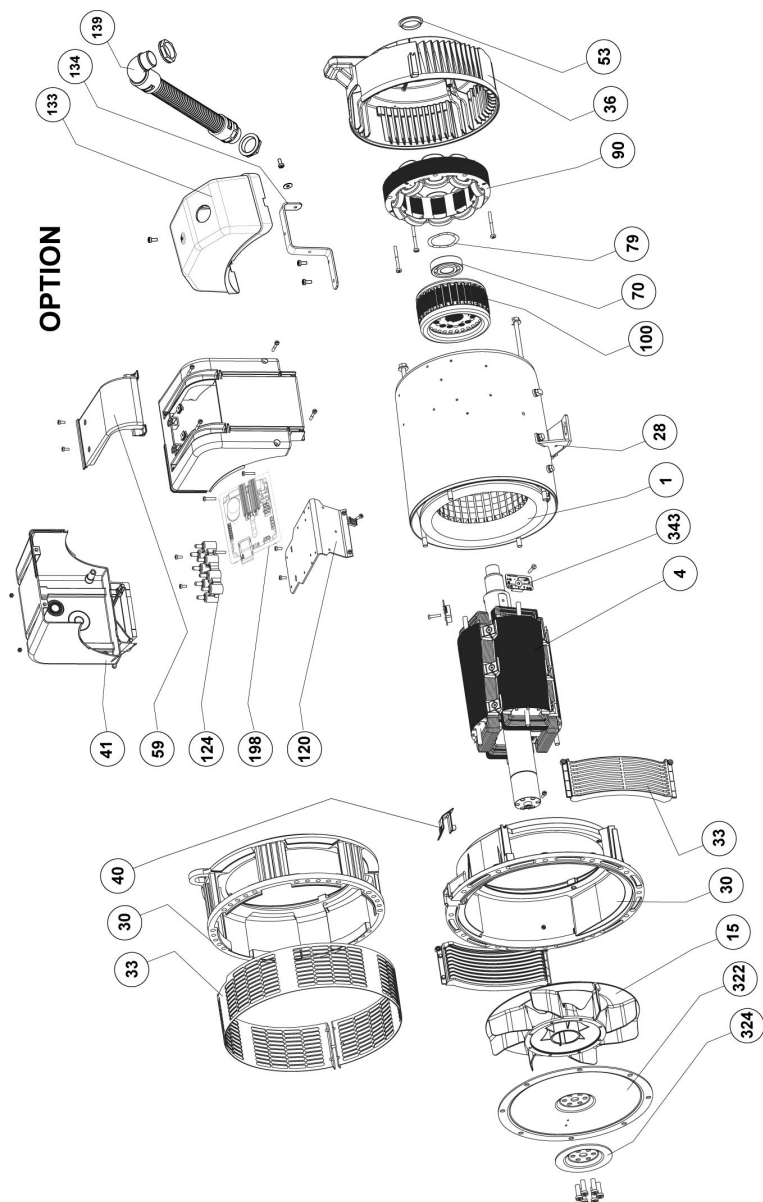
**After operational testing, it is essential to replace all access panels or covers.**

# LSA 42.3

## Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

### 5.3 - Exploded views, parts list and tightening torque

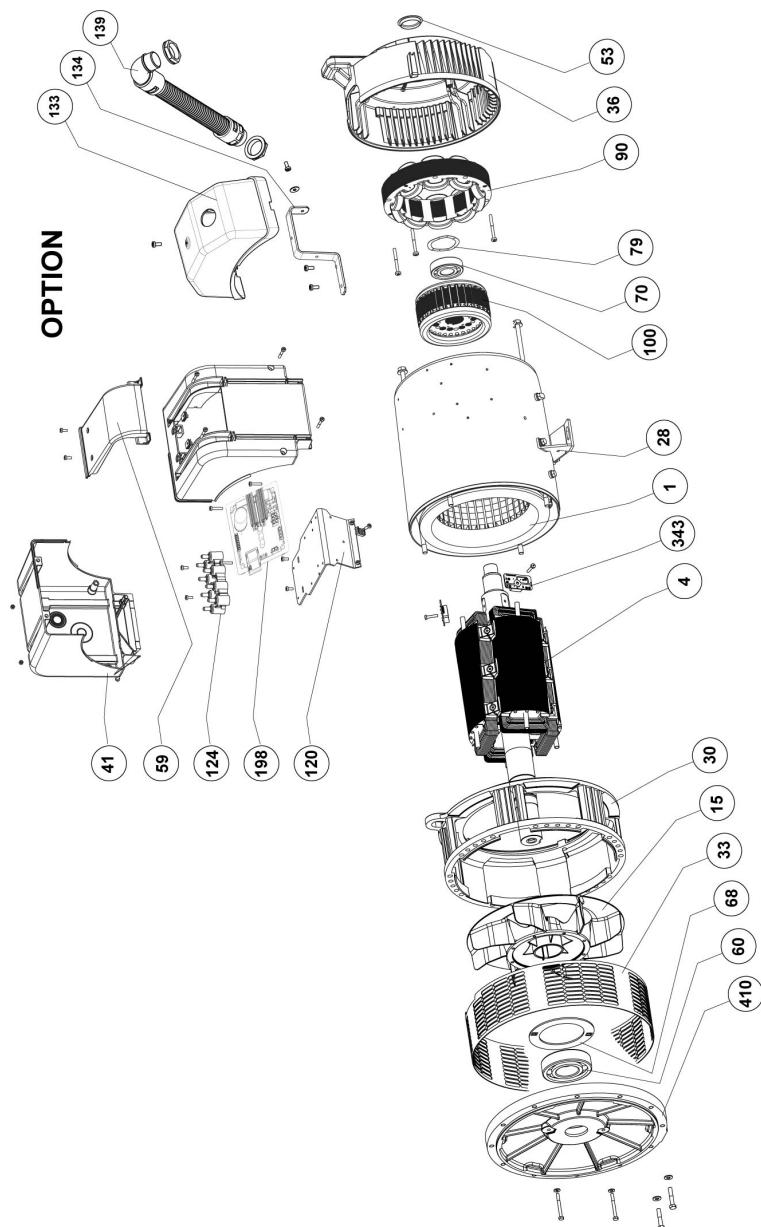
#### • Single bearing



# LSA 42.3

## Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

### • Two-bearing



## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

Ref.	Qty	Description	Screw Ø	Torque N.m	Ref.	Qty	Description	Screw Ø	Torque N.m
1	1	Stator assembly	-	-	79	1	Preloading (wavy) washer	-	-
4	1	Rotor assembly	-	-	90	1	Exciter field (stator)	M6	10
15	1	Fan	M5	4	100	1	Exciter armature (rotor)	-	-
28	1	Earth terminal	M6	10	120	1	Terminal block support	M5	6
30	1	Drive end (DE) shield	-	-	124	1	Terminal block	M5	6
33	1	Air outlet grille	M5	4	133	1	Cover (option)	M5	3.6
36	1	Non drive end (NDE) shield	M10	34	134	1	Support tab (option)	-	-
40	1	Plastic cap	-	-	139	1	Wire shield tube (option)	-	-
41	2	Terminal box panel	M5	3.6 ±0.4	198	1	Voltage regulator (AVR)	M5	6
53	1	Sealing cap	-	-	322	1	Coupling disc	M10	66
59	1	AVR access panel	M5	3.6 ±0.4	324	1	Clamping washer	-	-
60	1	Drive end (DE) bearing	-	-	343	3	Diode bridge assembly	M5	4
68	1	Inner bearing retainer	M6	8.3	410	1	Drive end (DE) shield	M10	40
70	1	Non drive end (NDE) bearing	-	-					

## LSA 42.3

### Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

#### Disposal and recycling instructions

We are committed to limiting the environmental impact of our activity. We continuously monitor our production processes, material sourcing and product design to improve recyclability and minimise our environmental footprint.

These instructions are for information purposes only. It is the user's responsibility to comply with local legislation regarding product disposal and recycling.

#### Recyclable materials

Our alternators are mainly constructed from iron, steel and copper materials, which can be reclaimed for recycling purposes.

These materials can be reclaimed through a combination of manual dismantling, mechanical separation and melting processes. Our technical support department can provide detailed directions on how to dismantle products on request.

#### Waste & hazardous materials

The following components and materials require special treatment and must be separated from the alternator before the recycling process:

- electronic materials found in the terminal box, including the automatic voltage regulator (198), current transformers (176), interference suppression module and other semi-conductors.
- diode bridge (343) and surge suppressor (347), found on the alternator rotor.
- major plastic components, such as the terminal box structure on some products. These components are usually marked with information concerning the type of plastic.

All materials listed above need special treatment to separate waste from reclaimable materials and should be entrusted to specialist recycling companies.

The oil and grease from the lubrication system should be treated as hazardous waste and must be treated in accordance with local legislation.

Our alternators have a specified lifetime of 20 years. After this period, the operation of the product should be stopped, regardless of its condition. Any further operation after this period will be under the sole responsibility of the user.



# LSA 42.3

## Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole

Angoulême, 4<sup>th</sup> March 2021

### EC Declaration of compliance and incorporation

This Declaration applies to the generators designed to be incorporated into machines complying with the Machinery Directive Nr 2006/42/EC dated 17 May 2006.

**MOTEURS LEROY-SOMER**  
Boulevard Marcellin Leroy  
16015 Angoulême  
France

**MLS HOLICE STLO.SRO**  
Sladkovského 43  
772 04 Olomouc  
République Tchèque

**MOTEURS LEROY-SOMER**  
1, rue de la Burelle  
Boite Postale 1517  
45800 St Jean de Braye  
France

**LEROY-SOMER ELECTRO-TECHNIQUE Co., Ltd**  
No1 Almosheng Road, Galshan Town,  
Cangshan District, Fuzhou, Fujian  
350026 Chine

**NIDEC INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION INDIA PRIVATE Ltd - BANGALORE**  
#45, Nagarur, Huskur Road  
Off Tumkur Road, Bengaluru-562 162  
Inde

**NIDEC INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION INDIA PRIVATE Ltd - HUBLI**  
#64/A, Main Road, Tarihal Industrial  
Area, Tarihal, Hubli-580 026  
Inde

Declares hereby that the electric generators of the types:

LSA 40 – LSA 42.3 – LSA 44.3 – LSA 46.3 – LSA 47.2 – LSA 47.3 – LSA 49.1 – LSA 49.3 – LSA 50.1 – LSA 50.2 – LSA 51.2 – LSA 52.2 – LSA 52.3 – LSA 53 – LSA 53.1 – LSA 53.2 – LSA 54 – LSA 54.2 – TAL 040 – TAL 042 – TAL 044 – TAL 046 – TAL 047 – TAL 0473 – TAL 049 – LSAH 42.3 – LSAH 44.3 as well as their derivatives, manufactured by Leroy-Somer or on Leroy-Somer's behalf, comply with the following International Standards and Directive:

- EN and IEC 60034-1, 60034-5 and 60034-22.
- ISO 8528-3 "Reciprocating internal combustion engine driven alternating current generating sets. Part 3. Alternating current generators for generating sets".
- Low Voltage Directive Nr 2014/35/EU dated 26 February 2014.

Furthermore, these generators, designed in compliance with the Machine Directive Nr 2006/42, are therefore able to be incorporated into Electrical Gen-Sets complying with the following International Directives:

- Machinery Directive Nr 2006/42/EC dated 17 May 2006.
- EMC Directive Nr 2014/30/EU dated 26 February 2014, as intrinsic levels of emissions and immunity are concerned.
- ROHS Directive Nr 2011/65/EU dated 08 June 2011 and Annex II Nr 2015/863 dated 31 March 2015.

#### WARNING:

The here mentioned generators should not be commissioned until the corresponding Gen-Sets have been declared in compliance with the Directives Nr 2006/42/EC, 2014/30/EU, 2011/65/EU and 2015/863, as well as with other relevant Directives.

Leroy-Somer undertakes to transmit, in response to a reasoned request by the national authorities, relevant information on the generator.

Technical Managers  
J.P. CHARPENTIER Y. MESSIN

**LEROY-SOMER**

Moteurs Leroy-Somer  
Siege social : Boulevard Marcellin Leroy CS 10015 - 16915 Angoulême cedex 9 - France  
SAS au capital de 38 679 664 € - RCS Angoulême 338 567 258

4152 en - 2021.03 / t

The contractual EC Declaration of compliance and incorporation can be obtained from your contact on request.

Electric Power Generation	Installation and maintenance	4803 en - 2021.06 / o
<b>LSA 42.3</b> <b>Low Voltage Alternator - 4 pole</b>		

# Service & Support

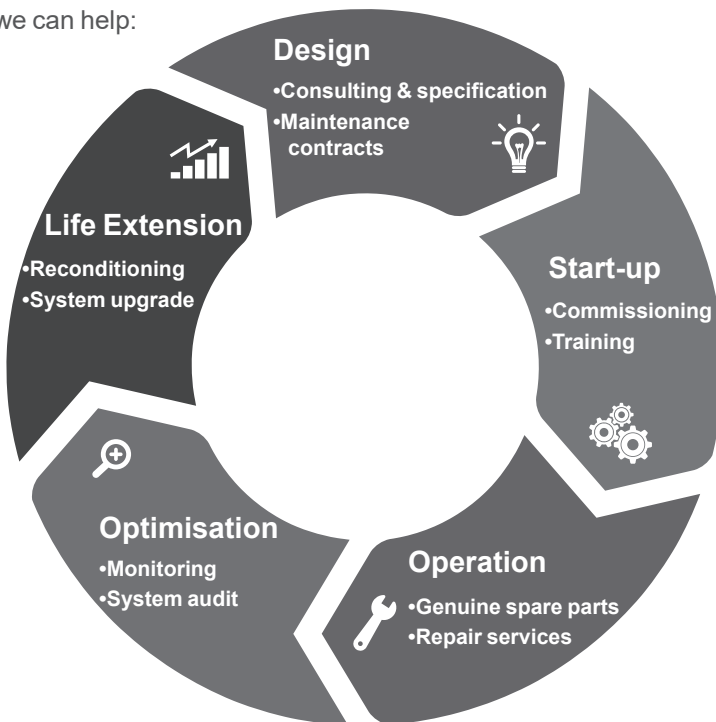
Our worldwide service network of over 80 facilities is at your service.

This local presence is our guarantee for fast and efficient repair, support and maintenance services.

Trust your alternator maintenance and support to electric power generation experts. Our field personnel are 100% qualified and fully trained to operate in all environments and on all machine types.

We have a deep understanding of alternator operation, providing the best value service to optimise your cost of ownership.

Where we can help:



Contact us:

**Americas:** +1 (507) 625 4011

**Europe & rest of the world:** +33 238 609 908

**Asia Pacific:** +65 6250 8488

**China:** +86 591 88373036

**India:** +91 806 726 4867



Scan the code or go to:

 [service.epg@leroy-somer.com](mailto:service.epg@leroy-somer.com)

[www.lrsr.co/support](http://www.lrsr.co/support)

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All for dreams